

PRACTICE YOUR ENGLISH WORKBOOK FOR 8th GRADERS (Stream B)



Vocabulary



A. Translate the following vocabulary to Hebrew .

	Translation		Translation
Why		How many	
How		funny	
Which		country	
Find out		Below	
ad		adventure	
adventure		vacation	
truth		rarely	
belong		height	
water		often	
according to		competition	
population		describe	
excited		How often	
expert		behavior	
fill in		article	
Important		Look after	
connection		feel	
exciting		exercise	
explain		illness	
improve		Look for	
prepare		opinion	
feel		reporter	
pollution		show	
report		his	
sentences		speaker	
her		visitor	
my		surprised	
topic		enough	
website		main idea	
usual		writer	
developed		In common	
unusual		developed	
throw away		decide	

reason		without	
weather		during	
Main message		Refer to	
		How much	

Review Vocabulary JOIN US - Unit 4 -

B. Translate the following words into Hebrew.

1.	beautiful		41.	enemy	
2.	boring		42.	especially	
3.	cheap		43.	everywhere	
4.	Come back		44.	extremely	
5.	difficult		45.	fans	
6.	easy		46.	feet	
7.	end		47.	Finally	
8.	everybody		48.	Get away	
9.	everything		49.	Get in	
10.	face		50.	Get off	
11.	inside		51.	Get on	
12.	Interesting		52.	Get out	
13.	just		53.	gold	
14.	large		54.	graduate (v)	
15.	mean (v)		55.	guard (n)	
16.	over		56.	History	
17.	soon		57.	In line	
18.	sorry		58.	interview	
19.	still		59.	It doesn't matter	
20.	wall		60.	key	
21.	welcome		61.	knife	
22.	wonderful		62.	neck	
23.	around		63.	note	
24.	ashamed		64.	notice (v)	
25.	baseball		65.	peace	
26.	bench		66.	performance	
27.	besides		67.	player	
28.	boxing		68.	point (v)	
29.	building		69.	president	
30.	career		70.	proud	
31.	certainly		71.	prove	
32.	change (n)		72.	regular	
33.	cheer		73.	rehearsal	
34.	Come true		74.	second (n)	
35.	crowd		75.	shy	
36.	discover		76.	skinny	
37.	dreamer		77.	somehow	
38.	during		78.	steal	
39.	earn				

Circle the correct word or phrase to complete each sentence .

1. .The word ... describes something that isn't special .

- a) ordinary b(weak c(important

2. Fish can't ... out of water

- a) swim b(eat c(breathe

3. Tom Cruise and Brad Pitt are famous ...

- a) superheroes b(scientists c(actors

4. .Airplanes usually ... at airports

- a) land b(share c(wear

5. Parents try to keep their children away from ...

- a) nurses b(danger c(actions

6. .Children ... very quickly

- a) grow up b(discover c(hang out

b. .Circle the correct meaning for each word

1. **overweight** – thin / fat

2. **boring** – not interesting / exciting

3. **evil** – wonderful / very bad

4. **incredible** – alone / wonderful

5. **adventure** – something exciting / something boring

Vocabulary Review JOIN US Unit 5

C. Translate the following words to Hebrew .

1.	alone		50.	serious	
2.	along		51.	show (n)	
3.	balance		52.	smell (v)	
4.	(be) used to		53.	soil	
5.	breathe		54.	so (that)	
6.	bridge		55.	stairs	
7.	chess		56.	strange	
8.	choose		57.	sure	
9.	climb		58.	tears (n)	
10.	a contest		59.	throne	
11.	deeply		60.	tiny	
12.	don't miss		61.	to announce	
13.	emperor		62.	to congratulate	
14.	empty		63.	to cover (v)	
15.	event		64.	to dress up	
16.	exercise (n)		65.	to frown (v)	
17.	exhibition		66.	to kick (v)	
18.	fact		67.	to receive	
19.	first		68.	to show (v)	
20.	a gardener		69.	true	
21.	grow		70.	tune (n)	
22.	hall		71.	twice	
23.	health		72.	unicorn	
24.	heart		73.	use (v)	
25.	high		74.	weigh	
26.	highway		75.	weight	
27.	honest		76.	wide	
28.	how long				
29.	how much				
30.	hundred				
31.	imagine				
32.	imperial				
33.	improve				
34.	long				
35.	middle				
36.	model (n)				
37.	open (adj)				
38.	palace				
39.	a plant (n)				
40.	a pot				
41.	powerful				
42.	protect				
43.	proudly				
44.	relax				
45.	return (v)				

46.	ride (n)				
47.	runner				
48.	a seed				
49.	spend time				
50.	serious				
51.	show (n)				
52.	smell (v)				
53.	soil				
54.	so (that)				
55.	stairs				
56.	strange				
57.	sure				
58.	tears (n)				
59.	throne				
60.	tiny				
61.	to announce				
62.	to congratulate				
63.	to cover (v)				
64.	to dress up				
65.	to frown (v)				
66.	to kick (v)				
67.	to receive				
68.	to show (v)				
69.	true				
70.	tune (n)				
71.	twice				
72.	unicorn				
73.	use (v)				
74.	weigh				
75.	weight				
76.	wide				

Circle the correct answer

1.No one likes to have ...

- a. nurses b(enemies c(superheroes

2. .People should be ... to animals

- a) nervous b(stuck c(kind

3. .Everyone can ... in the world

- a) take a bath b(wonder c(make a difference

4. .new student will ... our class tomorrow

- a) take off b(invent c(join

5. The doctor can only see you for a

- a) moment b(sickness c(forehead

6. Students like teachers who show

- a) weather b(cures c(kindness

Pamela wrote an email. Circle the correct words to complete her email

I'm sending you this email to tell you that I'm safe The most **amazing / ordinary** thing happened to me. I was sitting on a beach in Thailand Suddenly the water began to go crazy ,I didn't know it but this was a **warning sign/manager**. A girl told us to get off the beach **slowly / as quickly as possible**. I was **terrified/ curious** and ran to the hotel I was lucky that Tilly **recognized / collected** the warning signs of a tsunami. She **joined /warned** .everyone on the beach

Now we all think that Tilly is the **angel /soldier** of the beach

Love, Pamela

Reading Comprehension



So please, oh please, we beg, we pray,
go throw your TV set away
and in its place you can install a
lovely bookshelf on the wall ".

Roald Dahl

Read the text and answer the questions .

Do you give in to the peer pressure?

"Come, let's hurry! We're going outside to the schoolyard. We aren't going to take the quiz in math," says the coolest kid in your class. Do you give in to the peer pressure and go, or do you stay and take the quiz? Peer pressure is the pressure that your friends put on you to do something. Many kids do the wrong thing, because they are afraid someone will make fun of them if they don't.

When you grow older, you have to make decisions. Some decisions are easy, like the choice between playing soccer or basketball. Other decisions are more serious, like should you smoke cigarettes or should you lie to your parents.

When your friends put pressure on you, the decisions are harder. Sometimes your friends give good advice, but at other times they can give you bad advice. You may get into trouble if you always listen to your friends. For example, they may want you to steal something.

It's important for teenagers to learn how to stand up to peer pressure. You have to know how and when to say "no". Remember: Don't do things that you don't want to do or that you know are not right.

1. Match each paragraph to a title. (4 x 2 = 8 points)

Paragraph	Title
1 a. Easy and Hard Decisions
2 b. How to Stand Up to Peer Pressure
3 c. Good and Bad Advice
4 d. To Go or Not to Go?

2. Circle the correct answer.

In line 2, "give in to peer pressure" means

- a. going to math class and taking the quiz
- b. going to the schoolyard with the coolest kids in class
- c. making fun of your friends

3. Circle the correct answer.

When you decide to steal something, you make **a serious** / **an easy** decision.

When you decide what program to watch on TV, you make **a serious** / **an easy** decision.

4. Circle the correct answer.

When your friends put pressure on you,

- a. they give you good advice
- b. you should always listen
- c. it's harder to make a good decision

5. What can happen when your friends give you bad advice? Give one example.

When your friends give you bad advice, you may

6. Circle the correct answer.

Standing up to peer pressure means

- a. knowing when to say "no"
- b. doing things you don't want to do
- c. doing things you know are not right

Jenny Smith - THE HALFWAY HOUSE

What did Jenny Smith do ?

In January 2007, at the age of 15, Jenny Smith opened a homeless shelter to care for homeless people in her hometown - Leeds, England. She decided to call it the Halfway House. In the first year Jenny and her friends took care of over 5000 homeless people

What made her decide to do it ?

Jenny has always loved to volunteer. When she was a teenager, she helped at a centre for homeless people. Jenny enjoyed helping people and loved talking to them. "It's really interesting just sitting and listening to their stories," she said

How did it all begin ?

Jenny noticed that her town had too many homeless people. The project started with Jenny and her friends going around town and talking to all the homeless people. Then it grew and she looked for a building. Jenny also asked local business to donate money and she spoke to pupils at her school and asked them to work as volunteers

Why did she go to London ?

In 2009 Jenny went to London to get an award for her good work. She became one of the leading volunteers in England. Her parents said, "She's always loved talking to people and making them smile"

Questions

1. When did Jenny start the Halfway House ?

.....

2. Why did Jenny open the Halfway House ?

.....

3. .Complete the sentences

.a. In the first year Jenny helped

b. Jenny first volunteered at

4. .Write TWO things Jenny did to open the Halfway House

..... .a

..... .b

5. The article tells us that Jenny received an award for her
.good work. Name ONE thing she did

.....

6. The article is about ...

a. house Jenny lived in

b. A halfway house in Leeds

c. talking to people

d. Jenny's friends at school

Harry Potter

Harry Potter is a series of seven fantasy books written by J. K. Rowling. The main character of the series is, of course, Harry Potter. Harry lives in England with his aunt and uncle because both his parents are dead. But Harry is not a regular boy. He is a wizard*. He goes to a special school for wizards, called Hogwarts School of Witchcraft and Wizardry. There, he meets Ronald Weasley and Hermione Granger, and they become good friends. Together, they fight Harry's enemy, the Dark wizard Lord Voldemort

In the first book in the series, *Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone*, which was published in 1997, Harry is 12 years old. In the seventh and last book, *Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows*, which was published ten years later, he is 18. Since the beginning, the series was a great success. It has sold more than 500 million copies, making it the best-selling book series in history. The Harry Potter book series was translated into 67 languages

Following the success of the books, Harry Potter also became a movie hero. The first movie came out in 2001. The last one came out in 2011. British actor Daniel Radcliffe plays Harry Potter. Like the book series, the Harry Potter movies were very popular, and made Radcliffe a successful actor

* wizard – קוסם

Questions

1. Why does Harry live with his aunt and uncle ?
 - A. .Because he is a wizard
 - B. .Because his parents died
 - C. .Because he is 12 years old
 - D. .Because he is not a regular boy
2. Ronald Weasley and Hermione Granger are
 - A. Harry's friends
 - B. Harry's aunt and uncle
 - C. Dark wizards
 - D. British actors

3. Which of the following is true about *Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone* ?
- A. .It is the second book in the series
 - B. .It was published in 2007
 - C. .It was published before *Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows*
 - D. .It was published after *Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows*
4. How many books are there in the Harry Potter series ?
- A. 18
 - B. 67
 - C. 7
 - D. 500 million
5. The Harry Potter movies
- A. were a great success
 - B. made Radcliffe a successful actor
 - C. came out in 2001- 2011
 - D. all of the above
6. - This text is mainly about
- A. the success of Daniel Radcliffe
 - B. the success of the Harry Potter series
 - C. *Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone*
 - D. The Harry Potter movies

Grammar

Let's eat grandpa.
Let's eat, grandpa.

Sometimes grammar can save
a person's life

Present Simple - פשוט הווה

אנו משתמשים בהווה פשוט כדי לתאר משהו שקורה בתדירות כלשהי, עובדות ורגשות.

תבנית משפט חיובי:

I\you\they\we + V1 → I **work** every day

He\she\it + V1+s/es/ies → He **works** every day

תבנית משפט שלילי:

I\you\they\we + don't + V1 → I **don't work** every day

He\she\it + doesn't + V1 → He **doesn't work** every day

תבנית משפט שאלה:

Do + I\you\they\we + V1 → Do you **work** ?

Does + he\she\it + V1 → Does he **work** ?

Practice

1. Complete the following sentences

1. The teacher teaches (teach) the class every day.
2. We _____ (brush) our teeth in the mornings .
3. David _____) go(to work every day .
4. The baby _____ (cry) every time he _____ (want) to eat .
5. Dan and Gil _____ (play) together on break time .
6. The sun _____ (rise) in the east .
7. I _____ (ride) my horse on Saturdays .
8. My father _____ (fix) old things in the house .

2. Write these sentences in the negative form : כתבו את המשפטים הבאים בשלילה:

1. My father makes breakfast .

2. They play basketball

.....

3. She writes a letter .

.....

4. I speak Arabic .

.....

Write the questions in the correct order .

1. / film? / like / you / Do / this

2. / ?you / many / Do / know / people

3. / have / dog? / they / Do / a big

4. / do / weekends? / on / What / do / you

Mixed Practice – positive , negative , question

1. Tomer _____ (drive) a bus.
2. I _____ (have) enough money to go to a show .
3. _____ you (watch) movies ?
4. They _____ (not work) for us.
5. I _____ (love) to dance !
6. She _____ (have) many friends .
7. _____ she _____ (draw) well ?
8. Tal _____ (not remember) me .
9. Galit _____ (be) a beautiful girl .
10. I _____ (not eat) cheese .
11. Cats _____ (like) to sleep .
12. You _____ (be) a smart boy .

עבר פשוט - Past Simple

עבר פשוט משמש להטיית פועל בעבר כמו אכלתי, הלכתי, קראתי וכו' - I read I walked, I ate, I finished work, walked to the beach, and found a nice place to swim. לדוגמה:
משתמשים בזמן זה כדי לתאר משהו בעבר, וכן כדי לתאר סדרה של אירועים.

Subject + V2

תבנית חיוב:

I danced

Subject + did NOT + V1

תבנית שלילה:

I didn't dance

תבנית שאלה:

Did + subject + V1

Did you dance ?

כמובן שיש פעלים יוצאי דופן, כגון: 'do-did, make-made, go-went וכו'.

Practice

1. Last year, I _____(visit) .England on holiday
2. _It_____ (rain(yesterday .
3. _The girls_____ (.remember(mother's birthday three days ago
4. _Bar_____. (play(with two friends two days ago
5. _You_____ (.watch(a movie during the lesson last month .

Write these sentences in the negative form כתבו את המשפטים הבאים בשלילה:

1. They collected postcards._
.They didn't collect postcards
2. .You jumped high

3. Ron.played squash

4. .The teacher tested our English

5. Dganit.visited her grandma

:Write these sentences in the question form

1. They collected postcards.- Did they collect postcards ?

They collected the toys .

You jumped high .

The teacher tested our English .

Galit visited her grandma .

Father fixed the car .

Past Simple - Irregular Verbs

כתבו את צורת העבר של הפועל (V2) ותרגמו לעברית:

הווה - Present	עבר - Past	תרגום - Translation
be		
cost		
cut		
hit		
hurt		
let		
put		
lose		
get		
sit		
keep		

sleep		
feel		
leave		
meet		
bring		
buy		
fight		
think		
catch		
teach		
sell		
tell		
pay		
make		
stand		
understand		
send		
spend		
build		
find		
have		
hear		
hold		
read		
say		
drive		
ride		
write		
break		
choose		
speak		
wake		
know		
fly		
wear		
begin		
drink		

swim		
sing		
eat		
fall		
forget		
give		
see		
take		
go		
run		
give		
forgive		
leave		
come		
become		

Mixed Practice (present and past)

1. Last year I _____ (.go(to England on holiday
2. It _____ (be) a fantastic year.
3. I _____ (fly) to interesting places last year .
4. Last night _____ (.be(with two friends of mine
5. In the mornings we _____ (walk(in the streets of Rosh Ha'ayin .
6. In the evenings we _____ (not go) to school .
7. The weather _____ (.be(great In the summer .
8. It _____ (.not / rain(a lot In Israel .
9. We _____ (.see(some beautiful rainbows in the sky
last month.

Writing



Describe your best friend. What does he /she look like? How long do you know each other? When and where do you meet? What do you like about him / her? Why is he / she your best friend ?

Write about a vacation you have been on with your family or friends. Where did you go? What did you do? Did you enjoy it or not? Why ?

